

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

THOMAS A. DAVIS,
EDITOR AND OWNER.

OFFICE—Public Ledger Building, No. 12 West Third Street.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—IN ADVANCE.

One Year \$5.00
Six Months \$3.00
Three Months \$1.50

DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Per Month \$3.00
Payable to carrier at end of month.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertising rates uniform and reasonable and made known on application at the office.

Subscribers who fail to get the Ledger regularly will confer a favor by reporting the fact AT THE OFFICE.

WE'RE FOR AMERICA@AMERICANS!

JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

May 27, 1857, Ky.—July 28, 1857.
The Republicans of the Nineteenth Judicial District of Kentucky are requested to meet in Delegate Convention in the city of Mayfield on Wednesday, July 28th, 1857, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney, to be voted for at the coming November election, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The basis of representation will be one delegate for every 100 votes cast for William McKinley, and one for every 100 votes cast for George W. Smith, and one for every 100 votes cast for John C. Frémont. Upon this basis the Convention will be composed of 100 delegates, distributed among the five counties of the District as follows, viz:

Breckenridge 12
Fleming 20
Gardiner 10
Lewis 24
McLean 20

Delegates are requested to be selected in the several counties in the District in such manner as the County Executive Committee may direct, after giving proper and ample notice.

By order of the Republican District Committee at a meeting held in the city of Mayfield on the 8th of July, 1857.

CLARENCE MATHEWS, Chairman.

For the purpose of nominating delegates to the Circuit Court District Convention, to be held in Mayfield July 28th, 1857, at 3 p.m., to nominate candidates for Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney, a Meeting Committee of the Board of Trade of Mayfield, is hereby called to meet in the Courthouse, Mayfield, July 28th, at 3 p.m.

Delegates are to be selected to attend the State Convention to be held in Louisville August 16th to nominate a candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

CLARENCE MATHEWS, Chairman.

HERE is a sensible reply to the ever-recurring question and to many who are asking it: "You have all heard them. Some of them whittle store boxes, chew the meanest grade of plug on the market and loaf away their time day after day. Others try to take comfort in repugnant—15 lights to the pint, and thus take bread from hungry, dependent mouths, and describe with tangled tread and outlines of whirling wheel and zigzag activity. They make no effort to add to their own possessions and when they see a man at work want to stop him to ask: 'Where is that prosperity you promised last fall?' Who are they? Democrats, of course, and mainly of that class who have never eaten bread in the sweat of their own faces."

"They have yet to learn that, under whatsoever legislation, individual prosperity must come through individual effort. Leeches and parasites which live from the earnings of others must be content to wait the ripening of the harvest of those who labor."

"It does not lie in the mouths of those who by voice and vote and by four years of destructive legislation and execution drove out prosperity from American homes, to grumble because in four short months that has not been reconstructed, which required four long years of their mad, persistent folly to tear down and destroy. Yes, where is prosperity? Go ask the American sheepherd in whose once growing flock you

have been as slaughering wolves. Go ask the American laborer whom you have reduced to penury, and into whose once happy family circles you have carried the merciless pangs of hunger and want. Go ask the American farmer whose home markets you snatched away as you ran with BILLY WILSON in that wild and visionary chase after the markets of the world. Go learn of these, and then take up again that sweet refrain, but sing in gentle strains, 'Four more years of GROVER, then we'll be in clover.'

"In a little while you can cut down the mighty oak, but it takes time to grow another like it. You may destroy your houses in one short hour, but it requires days to rebuild. And so it is that while you have prostrated the wealth of the entire country in less than four months, you cannot reasonably hope for complete recovery in so short a time. But better things are promised, and they are coming."

"Dunn and Bradstreet report a constantly increasing volume of business, and assure us that it is not of that fungous variety, but of a more temperate and healthy growth which assures permanence."

WHAT JACKSON DID.

Crushed Banks in Order to Restore Gold to Circulation.

Changed Ratio from Fifteen to Sixteen to One to Bring Gold Back—Was One Who Thought That All Men Were Born Free and Equal a Gold-Seller? Democrats Wish to Elect Jackson Should Read History.

The silver democrats have been unusually profuse this year in eulogies of Jefferson and Jackson. They have attempted to make out that these were the noblest instigators that the world has born the regular thing for 100 years for democratic statesmen to champion silver and cheap money. Jefferson's opposition to cheap money and repudiation of debt, and his adherence to a currency which should always be kept close to the natural or market ratio, has been made clear during the last few months. The appeals of the silver democrats to Jackson are meeting with the same fate. In the "Truth" of Chattanooga, Tennessee, after calling attention to the fact that previous to 1870 no American statesman of any party approved of the absurd doctrine that government can maintain bimetallism regardless of natural ratios, the author length upon Jackson's position on money and currency. Here is what he said:

"Nothing within the range of political absurdity could equal the spectacle of a nation of statesmen in Europe when they met on the stocks of James to eulogize Jackson, who courageously restored the gold currency."

"Have these gentlemen ever paused long enough in their assault on the prosperity of the country to inquire why it was during Jackson's administration that the ratio was changed from fifteen to sixteen to one? If, as they teach the people, we had the concurrent circulation of gold and silver from the passage of the act of 1792 down to the year of its enactment, why was this change made? Are they ignorant, or do they disguise the fact that after the act of 1792 gold relatively to silver was undervalued and went out of circulation? Because this was a time when the specie of the United States definitely opposed the restoration, because the people would prefer its bank notes to a currency so bulky and inconvenient as silver?"

"It was Jackson who saw the necessity for a paper currency, and he did it which crushed the bank and brought hard money to the pockets of the people. It was Thomas H. Benton, speaking for the administration of Jackson, who declared in the senate that the bank was to restore gold to circulation. Here was the necessity and the only reason for the passage of the act of 1834 establishing the ratio of sixteen to one."

"The similarity between the discussion which took place in 1834 and the discussion which took place in 1836 is striking and instructive. Hard money democrats, in supporting the policy of Jackson, advanced the same arguments which the same democrats advanced in supporting the policy of Cleveland. If the hard money democrats insisted that the undervaluation of gold by the act of 1792 forced it out of circulation, the sound money democrats insisted that the proposition in the act of 1834 was to undervalue silver. If carried into effect, would bring about the same result."

"If the hard money democrats recognized that the act of 1792 had no perceptible influence on the commercial value of either gold or silver, and intended to rely mainly on the law of supply and demand to regulate the value of gold, the sound money democrats recognized that the free minting of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one when the market ratio was thirty-two to one, would result in a depreciation of silver, and that the hard money democrats contended that 'all mankind had a predilection for gold,' the sound money democrats contended that a gold standard was preferable to a silver standard. If the hard money democrats restored the gold currency when the silver currency was undervalued, they would have to pay for it."

"The silver currency was undervalued, and the hard money democrats insisted that the undervaluation of gold by the act of 1792 forced it out of circulation, the sound money democrats insisted that the proposition in the act of 1834 was to undervalue silver. If carried into effect, would bring about the same result."

"The hard money democrats recognized that the act of 1792 had no perceptible influence on the commercial value of either gold or silver, and intended to rely mainly on the law of supply and demand to regulate the value of gold, the sound money democrats contended that 'all mankind had a predilection for gold,' the sound money democrats contended that a gold standard was preferable to a silver standard. If the hard money democrats restored the gold currency when the silver currency was undervalued, they would have to pay for it."

"The National Financial School.

The National Financial School is the name of an organization which is making some headway in the middle northern states. It is also to be noted that other parts of the country are not to be overlooked.

The object is to conduct a nonpartisan study of American finance. Its prospectus however, contains some expressions such as 'restoration of a thoroughly American financial policy,' which indicates the real object of the school.

The organization was recently extended, into Boone county, Ind., where seven financial schools besides the 'advance school' and the 'county school' are now in operation, teaching their countrymen the art of banking, and the art of instructing and directing.

These financial schools should be encouraged by all the good money men and organizations. There is no more certain way of ridding the country of the financial evils of the day than to teach the voters on the money question.

Schools are real schools and not merely lecture rooms, there cannot be too many of them. As they are nonpartisan, books and literature on both sides of the silver question should be used.

In this connection the sound currency committee of the Reform club, 22 William street, New York city, offers to send free of charge a limited supply of literature to the officers of any of the schools.

They are to send the literature and ready to vote intelligently on this question should it be up for settlement at the next congressional and presidential elections.

precedent in the history and traditions of the democratic party. It promises a new dispensation in monetary science never dreamed of in the philosophy of its great leaders.

THE DRIFT TOWARD GOLD.

Silver Nation—Gradually Coming

While Mr. Bryan and his associates, refusing to accept the verdict of last November, are looking forward hopefully to renewing what they call the 'people's' effort in the next presidential election, when a bimetallic commission has just been appointed to visit the European governments in the interest of international bimetallism, there may be persons who will not be satisfied with the use of gold as the single standard of gold.

Since the appointment of the United States commissioners' dispatches from Europe indicate that their mission will be fruitless, and that there is no more probability of those governments returning to the gold standard than there is of their turning to flintlock muskets for their armies. The latest announcement is from Russia, which is to the effect that she is irrevocably committed to the gold standard.

But it is not in Europe alone that this tendency is observable. The drifts and apparent case with which the Japanese government has planned the adoption of the gold standard is one of the marks of modern statesmanship and the people as among the most avaricious nations of the earth.

Lagard China also seems to be availing from her silver dream of isolation and is anxious to have a financial connection with the world. The specie placed on gold basis, as they substantially were when the treaties were made. The depreciation of silver has greatly crippled her revenues, and now she is coming into closer financial connection with the world.

It is to be hoped that her finances will be conformed to the gold standard.

If we turn from the far orient to our own hemisphere, we will perceive a striking in the Central and South American states, and escape the losses entailed by an inferior and depreciated currency.

A dispatch a few days since from Lima informed us that Peru had not only suspended silver coinage but had passed a new law which forbids the use of silver.

Colombia has adopted the gold standard, while Chile, Uruguay and Brazil made gold unlimited legal tender and silver in but limited sums. In Honduras, San Salvador, and Costa Rica, gold has been established by law, though a depreciated paper currency prevents the circulation of gold at present.

These movements go to show that those nations are in touch with European money and cannot feel the disadvantages of having the same monetary system, and that their people are at disadvantage because of their fluctuating and depreciated home currencies.

And yet while these nations, admitting to a limited amount of paper and physical and intellectual progress are struggling out of the bonds that hold them back there are those among us who would imperil our vast wealth and our progress by plunging us down to the silver standard. What must the world think of such leadership and statesmanship?—Chicago Times Herald.

Which is the Goose?

It is a question that has been asked by many, and the answer is not easy to find.

There is a picture of a man in a suit and a woman in a bonnet, and they are both holding a string which is attached to a large bird.

The man is holding the string and the woman is holding the bird. The bird is a large bird, and it is a goose.

A certain man had the good fortune to possess a goose that laid him a golden egg every day.

He sold the goose and bought a hen which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the hen and bought a cock which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the cock and bought a hen which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the hen and bought a cock which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the cock and bought a hen which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the hen and bought a cock which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the cock and bought a hen which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the hen and bought a cock which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the cock and bought a hen which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the hen and bought a cock which laid a golden egg every day.

He sold the cock and bought a hen which laid a golden egg every day.

JOB PRINTING!

WD
PRINT
EVERYTHING
THAT
CAN
BE
PRINTED!

PUBLIC LEDGER
PRINTERY.

GIVE DIRECTORY

Offices
Police Judge A. W. Wadsworth
City Clerk Charles H. Brown
Collector and Treasurer W. Pittman
Chief of Police George F. Price
Assessor J. Banks Jureus
Wool and Coat Inspector W. Pittman
City Prosecutor John L. Chamberlain
City Physician Dr. W. M. Barnes
City Engineer W. Pittman
Keeper of Almshouse Mrs. John Payne

CITY COUNCIL
Meets First Thursday Evening in Each Month.
William H. Cox, President.

MEMBERS
First Ward
H. R. Frost H. Newell
John G. Davis H. Newell
Second Ward
C. B. Pease, Jr. George W. Crowell
George H. Heiser W. E. Stalup
John C. H. Smith Fred Dresser
L. C. Blattner G. H. Smith
John Ritter M. C. Hutchinson

The Councils are elected every two years.

HADING LODGES

Confidence Lodge No. 33—Meets 11th Monday night in each month.

Confidence Lodge No. 9—Meets second Monday night in each month.

Confidence Lodge No. 2—Meets third Monday night in each month.

Mayfield Commandery No. 10—Meets fourth Monday night in each month.

ODFELLOWS

Dakota Lodge No. 12—Meets every Tuesday night.

Ringgold Lodge No. 27—Meets every Wednesday night.

Ringgold Encampment No. 2—Meets second Tuesday night in each month.

Canton Mayfield No. 3—Meets third Monday night in each month.

Limestone Lodge No. 36—Meets every Friday night.

Mayfield Division No. 6, U. B.—Meets 1st Tuesday in every month.

Meets every Thursday night in the K. of H. Hall.

J. D. U. A. M.—Meets every Friday night.

Washington Camp No. 10—Meets every Wednesday night.

W. F. A. M.—Meets every Friday night.

Washington Camp No. 11—Meets every Wednesday night.

W. F. A. M.—Meets every Friday night.

PUBLIC LEDGER

PRINTERY.

JOHN H. COOT,



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Colorless, Strength and Healthful, Assuring

Foodstuffs of the Highest Quality and Ad-

ditional Benefits to the Consumer.

ROYAL-BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.



[The Editor of The Leader is not responsible for opinions expressed by Correspondents, but nothing reflecting upon the character of any person will be admitted to these columns.]

[Editor. Correspondents will please send Letters so as to receive prompt attention. We seek news in this department, and not advertising notices or political arguments.]

OUR OTHER BOX

The following are the principal Agents for this Public Library in their respective cities:

Atlanta—Frank W. Hawes

Boston—H. G. Grayson

Chicago—C. C. Clegg

Cincinnati—W. Jackson

Montgomery—Mrs. Jessie Stewart

Mobile—J. C. McCall

St. Louis—Leander Tully

San Francisco—J. H. Hunter

Seattle—J. M. McCall

St. Paul—John Thomas

Subscribers will save the trouble of writing, and will receive their subscriptions to the

agent at their place.

PLUMVILLE PICKINGS.

What Our Good Friends Have Been Doing Since Our Last Report.

Elder Tomlin filled his appointment here Sunday.

Mr. Harry Pangburn of Maysville is the guest of the Misses Yancey.

Mr. William Hicks of near this place purchased a new organ last week.

Elder A. P. Hurst of Muncie's Mills filled the pulpit at the Church here Sunday evening.

Misses Nannie Kennan and Cora Lowman and Mr. Hendrick Meads were recent guests at Orchard Farm.

Miss Dora Scott and Lily Tomlin of Elizabethtown, visited friends here the past few days and attended Church Sunday.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy or Dr. H. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Lexington is threatened with a coal famine.

Change of Program at Park Theater tonight. Don't fail to go out.

Wills Throckmorton, aged 19, of Cincinnati, died of consumption at his home Friday night.

The Paducah Register chronicles the joyful fact that the McCracken county poor house is becoming depopulated.

Will Brantham, colored, living in Smith-

town, near Lexington, was ordered sent to the lunatic asylum. Dr. P. D. Robinson testified that Brantham's de-

pression was caused by family troubles and the continuous smoking of cigarettes.

Why does Ripley always have a big attendance at Fair? Because the admission fee is only 25 cents and a horse and carriage can be had for 50 cents. He pays good premiums and pays in gold before the stock leaves the ring, and because the Fair is held on the neatest Fair grounds in Ohio.

QUEEN OLD COUNTRY DOCTOR.

Who Does a Big Business at His Home in the Bracken Hills.

Dr. S. W. Jacobs, one of the most pecu-

liar characters in this section of the state, lives at Mt. Hor, Bracken County. He is 70 years old and judging from his conver-

sation is very illiterate, yet he claims to have a diploma from one of the best medi-

cal colleges in New York City.

His reputation is widespread and his

curse so marvelous that people come from

many different counties to consult him.

It is an unusual sight to see from twenty to thirty horses and buggies hitched to the rail fence which encircles his house.

He very seldom leaves home, then only to some neighboring town business.

His medicines are concocted from herbs gathered by himself from the hills sur-

rounding his home.

The moment a patient enters his door he begins to diagnose the case, and so accurately does he describe every symptom that he is regarded as possessing super-

human knowledge of medicine. "Go to old Dr. Jacobs; he can cure you," is a common expression in that part of the state.

Try our Kanawha Nut Coal. Phone 69. W. M. DAVIS.

Miss Gertrude Brown has been appointed Postmaster at Mifflord, Bracken county.

Mr. C. G. Degman of Springdale will open the fall school at Petersville the first of next month.

Miss Mildred Hord of Fleming will teach the public school at Schollsville near Winchester, this fall.

Mr. Waldo Hamilton, who has been ill for several days with an attack of bilious fever, is better this morning.

Mr. P. H. Idol, of Lexington, was totally burned by his sister, Mrs. White who accidentally dropped a lighted lamp.

John L. Ringo, a farmer, died at Flemington after lying in a paralyzed condition since Tuesday, the result of a broken spinal column, caused by falling from a hay wagon.

The new gutter ordered at last meeting of Council to be laid on West Third street, from Grays Alley to Sutton street, is now under way. It will add much to the improvement of that street.

We learn that ladies in this county are expecting to put up no blackberries this season on account of fear of appendicitis. The first, the physicians assure us, are very ungovernable. Foreign substances of course can cause this disease, but it is only where a cathartic condition of the mucous membrane already exists. There is said to be less of this disease in the grape districts of California than elsewhere in this country. Put up your fruit and think nothing of danger in so doing.

Mark Theater.

The opening performance of this week's program was greeted by a splendid house. The entertainment was in keeping with the high quality of last week's show. The individual hits were the dancing of Mlle Felice. Her equal has never been seen. Miss Carrie Scott, the female Apollo, in a wonderful contortion act. She is justly termed the perfect dancer. The comic pianist, man of good all-around ability, that was heard here. Nelson and Wilson, the acrobats, who had been heralded as a musical super-humorist, but who had been forgotten. As a musician his superior has never been heard here. Nelson and Wilson, the clever singing duo, were in the voice, and as usual were compelled to answer a number of encores. A clean entertainment provided all the way through. Good music, good comedy, good dancing, all in one.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco life and forever, be metric, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No Tobacco, the new wonder, that will weaken all tobacco. All druggists, or H. C. C. will supply Booklets and sample free. Address Sterling Candy Co., Chicago or New York.

MECHANIC LIENS.

A Very Important Decision By Judge Miller of Louisville.

Judge Miller decided a case that is of wide interest because it involves mechanics' liens. The decision was given in the case of C. C. Springfield & Co., against Fred Hazz.

Plaintiff agreed to build a house for defendant for \$300. None of the contract price has been paid. The work was done under the old law with reference to mechanics' liens.

Judge Miller allows Hazz \$25 damages on the contract price because the plaintiff gave the house only one coat of paint instead of three. Judgement is given for the plaintiff for \$355, subject to the liens of the sub-contractors, as follows:

Armstrong Lumber Company, \$179.49. H. A. Rogers, \$14. William Thompson, \$40.

Springfield is adjudged to have a second lien, and other creditors not named have a third lien, one of them, Bernet, having a mortgage on the house.

ALL KINDS OF TROUBLE.

The County Clerk at Newport issued Marriage License to Children.

The practice prevailing in the office of the County Clerk of Campbell County, under which marriage licenses are granted almost indiscriminately, is about to have a crimp put in it by Commonwealth's Attorney Lockhart.

The immediate cause of trouble is the issuing of a marriage license to John Hays, aged 18, and Ruth Trainer, aged 15, both of Cincinnati, the young girl being the adopted daughter of Mrs. Catherine Schubert. The girl bride met her husband at the College of Music and fell deeply in love. Mrs. Schubert laughed at the couple's love as that of a boy-and-girl affair, but was astounded when her adopted daughter on coming home a few days ago announced that Hays had induced her to take a trip to Newport, where as he said, "It was easy to get a license."

He consented, and "Squire" Berleman performed the ceremony after the license had been secured. The girl wears short dresses and looks not a day over 15.

An indictment will be asked against the County Clerk and the "Squire," and a civil suit is to be filed asking an annulment of the marriage.

He begins to diagnose the case, and so accurately does he describe every symptom that he is regarded as possessing super-human knowledge of medicine. "Go to old Dr. Jacobs; he can cure you," is a common expression in that part of the state.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

The Latest News From All Parts of the Commonwealth.

HOUSES WASHED AWAY.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 24.—A disastrous flood, caused by a waterspout, occurred in upper Stoner creek Sunday night. The water rose so rapidly that people were compelled to leave their lives and had the flood come at a late hour, instead of 7 o'clock, great loss of life would have resulted. As it was a number of houses were washed away to the Lexington & Eastern railroad. At the junction of that road with the G. & O. the water was 30 feet deep in some places. The stream was nearly dry.

The Lexington & Eastern tracks for a distance of nearly five miles were under water. The lower down at the station of Franklin, the water was 10 feet deep in water. The telegraph operator had to stand on a table to send messages. Fourteen hundred excursionists from Cincinnati had gone up the road to Natural Bridge. They were gone two hours at Long Lestrel. It was deemed advisable not to run trains over it. The excursionists had to walk across. They did. They were late. Cincinnati until about 6 o'clock Monday morning.

The deluge caused many landslides on the Lexington & Eastern, and trains were delayed from two to four hours. Gas Dining Parades.

FRANKFORT, Ky., July 28.—Gov. Bradley Monday made public the pardon of George Dinning, a negro who had been condemned to die for killing a woman by a Simpson county jury for the killing of Jodie Conn, a member of an alleged lynching party, who surrounded Dinning's house. The pardon was granted because he had been given a life sentence.

He was released on parole, but was again arrested, and condemned to death. He was released again Monday afternoon and arrived in Louisville Monday night.

Killed His Deserved Wife.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 20.—Melissa, wife of Fred Darrow, of St. Johnsbury, Vt., was found dead in a chair sitting on the front porch of her house by Joe Warner, her husband, who left her five years ago. The dead wife, believing him to be dead, had married Darrow. When he returned home he demanded that she give him up. She refused and ordered him to leave, when he drew a revolver and shot her. Warner then turned the revolver on himself and fell severely, but recovered.

Get Out At Your Camp Meeting.

BROOKLYN, Ky., July 20.—At the colored people's camp meeting at this place, Luke Shropshire, a colored man, attempted to shoot George Beckley, colored, who had suddenly from the grounds, when he drew a razor and cut the policeman John Shropshire, a brother of the wounded man, attempted to interfere and received a bullet in the back, but across the face. He was dead.

Plaintiff Agrees to Settle.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 20.—Mrs. P. H. Idol died Monday from the effects of heart trouble Sunday night by a heart attack. Her husband, Dr. Idol, died Saturday morning.

Two men brandished "Old Boys" and shot and killed, and upon inspection proved to be "mountain dew." The liquor was stored away in the basement of the Hotel Fullerton.

Said "Mountain Dew."

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 20.—The Madison county turnpike committee purposed to build a bridge at Iron bridge, 11 miles from St. Johnsbury, Vt. The fiscal court will meet August 3, and confirm all contracts already made with presidents and stockholders of the different roads, and take steps toward the completion of the project.

Bought Another Fine.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 20.—The Madison county turnpike committee purposed to build a bridge at Iron bridge, 11 miles from St. Johnsbury, Vt. The fiscal court will meet August 3, and confirm all contracts already made with presidents and stockholders of the different roads, and take steps toward the completion of the project.

Plaintiff Agrees to Settle.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 20.—McKinney, of Moreland, and he is to be a competitor in the competition was seriously injured at High Bridge, being struck by a passenger train. He will recover.

Show Herself in Her Lover's Presence.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 20.—George Blenden, a young man, was this evening at the High Bridge, being struck by a passenger train. He will recover.

A Torpedo Trust.

LIMA, O., July 20.—One of the big deals in the oil field for some time past is on. The deal includes the purchase of the oil fields of the Hercules Torpedo company, which will give them the entire business in the Northwestern Ohio oil field. It is understood the deal will be closed up this week.

Dr. Beach Dead.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 20.—Dr. J. E. Beach, 62, died at his home, O., after a lingering illness that had been the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. J. E. Rathmell. His body will be given to his home for interment. He was a member of the American Medical Association and the Tennessee Medical Association.

Gov. Charles Foster and was a member of the Loyalty of the United States of the Commandery of Ohio.

RIDING ON THE RAIL!

What the Great Highways Offer to Travelers.

CINCINNATI and Return July 21st and 22d, \$1.25.

On Wednesday and Thursday, July 21st and 22d, the C. & O. will sell round-trip tickets to Mayville to Cincinnati at one fare, \$1.25. Return until July 28th.

PORTSMOUTH, O., and Return \$1.55, July 28th, 29th and 30th.

On account of the Portsmouth Trouting Association meeting at C. & O. with round-trip tickets to Mayville, the above fare to Mayville to Portsmouth to Return until July 31st.

CHICAGO and Return \$1.75, July 25th, 26th and 27th.

On account of the unveiling of the Logan Monument at Chicago, July 22nd, the C. & O. will sell round-trip tickets to Chicago at one fare, \$1.75. Tickets on sale July 21st the return until July 28th.

NEW YORK and Return \$1.85, July 25th, 26th and 27th.

On account of the Tennessee Centennial and International Exposition, Nashville, Tenn., May 1st to October 31st, the C. & O. will sell round-trip tickets to Mayville at the following rates:—

—\$1.50 to Cincinnati, \$1.75 to Chicago, \$1.85 to New York, \$2.00 to Boston, \$2.15 to Montreal, \$2.30 to Quebec, \$2.50 to Halifax, \$2.75 to St. John's, \$3.00 to Newfoundland, \$3.25 to St. Pierre and Miquelon, \$3.50 to Greenland, \$3.75 to Iceland, \$4.00 to Norway, \$4.25 to Sweden, \$4.50 to Denmark, \$4.75 to Holland, \$5.00 to France, \$5.25 to Belgium, \$5.50 to Italy, \$5.75 to Spain, \$6.00 to Portugal, \$6.25 to Greece, \$6.50 to Turkey, \$6.75 to Russia, \$7.00 to Turkey, \$7.25 to Persia, \$7.50 to India, \$7.75 to Ceylon, \$8.00 to Australia, \$8.25 to New Zealand, \$8.50 to South Africa, \$8.75 to Australia, \$9.00 to Japan, \$9.25 to China, \$9.50 to Korea, \$9.75 to Siam, \$10.00 to Ceylon, \$10.25 to Australia, \$10.50 to Japan, \$10.75 to Korea, \$11.00 to Siam, \$11.25 to Australia, \$11.50 to Japan, \$11.75 to Korea, \$12.00 to Siam, \$12.25 to Australia, \$12.50 to Japan, \$12.75 to Korea, \$13.00 to Siam, \$13.25 to Australia, \$13.50 to Japan, \$13.75 to Korea, \$14.00 to Siam, \$14.25 to Australia, \$14.50 to Japan, \$14.75 to Korea, \$15.00 to Siam, \$15.25 to Australia, \$15.50 to Japan, \$15.75 to Korea, \$16.00 to Siam, \$16.25 to Australia, \$16.50 to Japan, \$16.75 to Korea, \$17.00 to Siam, \$17.25 to Australia, \$17.50 to Japan, \$17.75 to Korea, \$18.00 to Siam, \$18.25 to Australia, \$18.50 to Japan, \$18.75 to Korea, \$19.00 to Siam, \$19.25 to Australia, \$19.50 to Japan, \$19.75 to Korea, \$20.00 to Siam, \$20.25 to Australia, \$20.50 to Japan, \$20.75 to Korea, \$21.00 to Siam, \$21.25 to Australia, \$21.50 to Japan, \$21.75 to Korea, \$22.00 to Siam, \$22.25 to Australia, \$22.50 to Japan, \$22.75 to Korea, \$23.00 to Siam, \$23.25 to Australia, \$23.50 to Japan, \$23.75 to Korea, \$24.00 to Siam, \$24.25 to Australia, \$24.50 to Japan, \$24.75 to Korea, \$25.00 to Siam, \$25.25 to Australia, \$25.50 to Japan, \$25.75 to Korea, \$26.00 to Siam, \$26.25 to Australia, \$26.50 to Japan, \$26.75 to Korea, \$27.00 to Siam, \$27.25 to Australia, \$27.50 to Japan, \$27.75 to Korea, \$28.00 to Siam, \$28.25 to Australia, \$28.50 to Japan, \$28.75 to Korea, \$29.00 to Siam, \$29.25 to Australia, \$29.50 to Japan, \$29.75 to Korea, \$30.00 to Siam, \$30.25 to Australia, \$30.50 to Japan, \$30.75 to Korea, \$31.00 to Siam, \$31.25 to Australia, \$31.50 to Japan, \$31.75 to Korea, \$32.00 to Siam, \$32.25 to Australia, \$32.50 to Japan, \$32.75 to Korea, \$33.00 to Siam, \$33.25 to Australia, \$33.50 to Japan, \$33.75 to Korea, \$34.00 to Siam, \$34.25 to Australia, \$34.50 to Japan, \$34.75 to Korea, \$35.00 to Siam, \$35.25 to Australia, \$35.50 to Japan, \$35.75 to Korea, \$36.00 to Siam, \$36.25 to Australia, \$36.50 to Japan, \$36.75 to Korea, \$37.00 to Siam, \$37.25 to Australia, \$37.50 to Japan, \$37.75 to Korea, \$38.00 to Siam, \$38.25 to Australia, \$38.50 to Japan, \$38.75 to Korea, \$39.00 to Siam, \$39.25 to Australia, \$39.50 to Japan, \$39.75 to Korea, \$40.00 to Siam, \$40.25 to Australia, \$40.50 to Japan, \$40.75 to Korea, \$41.00 to Siam, \$41.25 to Australia, \$41.50 to Japan, \$41.75 to Korea, \$42.00 to Siam, \$42.25 to Australia, \$42.50 to Japan, \$42.75 to Korea, \$43.00 to Siam, \$43.25 to Australia, \$43.50 to Japan, \$43.75 to Korea, \$44.00 to Siam, \$44.25 to Australia, \$44.50 to Japan, \$44.75 to Korea, \$45.00 to Siam, \$45.25 to Australia, \$45.50 to Japan, \$45.75 to Korea, \$46.00 to Siam, \$46.25 to Australia, \$46.50 to Japan, \$46.75 to Korea, \$47.00 to Siam, \$47.25 to Australia, \$47.50 to Japan, \$47.75 to Korea, \$48.00 to Siam, \$48.25 to Australia, \$48.50 to Japan, \$48.75 to Korea, \$49.00 to Siam, \$49.25 to Australia, \$49.50 to Japan, \$49.75 to Korea, \$50.00 to Siam, \$50.25 to Australia, \$50.50 to Japan, \$50.75 to Korea, \$51.00 to Siam, \$51.25 to Australia, \$51.50 to Japan, \$51.75 to Korea, \$52.00 to Siam, \$52.25 to Australia, \$52.50 to Japan, \$52.75 to Korea, \$53.00 to Siam, \$53.25 to Australia, \$53.50 to Japan, \$53.75 to Korea, \$54.00 to Siam, \$54.25 to Australia, \$54.50 to Japan, \$54.75 to Korea, \$55.00 to Siam, \$55.25 to Australia, \$55.50 to Japan, \$55.75 to Korea, \$56.00 to Siam, \$56.25 to Australia, \$56.50 to Japan, \$56.75 to Korea, \$57.00 to Siam, \$57.25 to Australia, \$57.50 to Japan, \$57.75 to Korea, \$58.00 to Siam, \$58.25 to Australia, \$58.50 to Japan, \$58.75 to Korea, \$59.00 to Siam, \$59.25 to Australia, \$59.50 to Japan, \$59.75 to Korea, \$60.00 to Siam, \$60.25 to Australia, \$60.50 to Japan, \$60.75 to Korea, \$61.00 to Siam, \$61.25 to Australia, \$61.50 to Japan, \$61.75 to Korea, \$62.00 to Siam, \$62.25 to Australia, \$62.50 to Japan, \$62.75 to Korea, \$63.00 to Siam, \$63.25 to Australia, \$63.50 to Japan, \$63.75 to Korea, \$64.00 to Siam, \$64.25 to Australia, \$64.50 to Japan, \$64.75 to Korea, \$65.00 to Siam, \$65.25 to Australia, \$65.50 to Japan, \$65.75 to Korea, \$66.00 to Siam, \$66.25 to Australia, \$66.50 to Japan, \$66.75 to Korea, \$67.00 to Siam, \$67.25 to Australia, \$67.50 to Japan, \$67.75 to Korea, \$68.00 to Siam, \$68.25 to Australia, \$68.50 to Japan, \$68.75 to Korea, \$69.00 to Siam, \$69.25 to Australia, \$69.50 to Japan, \$69.75 to Korea, \$70.00 to Siam, \$70.25 to Australia, \$70.50 to Japan, \$70.75 to Korea, \$71.00 to Siam, \$71.25 to Australia, \$71.50 to Japan, \$71.75 to Korea, \$72.00 to Siam, \$72.25 to Australia, \$72.50 to Japan, \$72.75 to Korea, \$73.00 to Siam, \$73.25 to Australia, \$73.50 to Japan, \$73.75 to Korea, \$74.00 to Siam, \$74.25 to Australia, \$74.50 to Japan, \$74.75 to Korea, \$75.00 to Siam, \$75.25 to Australia, \$75.50 to Japan, \$75.75 to Korea, \$76.00 to Siam, \$76.25 to Australia, \$76.50 to Japan, \$76.75 to Korea, \$77.00 to Siam, \$77.25 to Australia, \$77.50 to Japan, \$77.75 to Korea, \$78.00 to Siam, \$78.25 to Australia, \$78.50 to Japan, \$78.75 to Korea, \$79.00 to Siam, \$79.25 to Australia, \$79.50 to Japan, \$79.75 to Korea, \$80.00 to Siam, \$80.25 to Australia, \$80.50 to Japan, \$80.75 to Korea, \$81.00 to Siam, \$81.25 to Australia, \$81.50 to Japan, \$81.75 to Korea, \$82.00 to Siam, \$82.25 to Australia, \$82.50 to Japan, \$82.75 to Korea, \$83.00 to Siam, \$83.25 to Australia, \$83.50 to Japan, \$83.75 to Korea, \$84.00 to Siam, \$84.25 to Australia, \$84.50 to Japan, \$84.75 to Korea, \$85.00 to Siam, \$85.25 to Australia, \$85.50 to Japan, \$85.75 to Korea, \$86.00 to Siam, \$86.25 to Australia, \$86.50 to Japan, \$86.75 to Korea, \$87.00 to Siam, \$87.25 to Australia, \$87.50 to Japan, \$87.75 to Korea, \$88.00 to Siam, \$88.25 to Australia, \$88.50 to Japan, \$88.75 to Korea, \$89.00 to Siam, \$89.25 to Australia, \$89.50 to Japan, \$89.75 to Korea, \$90.00 to Siam, \$90.25 to Australia, \$90.50 to Japan, \$90.75 to Korea, \$91.00 to Siam, \$91.25 to Australia, \$91.50 to Japan, \$91.75 to Korea, \$92.00 to Siam, \$92.25 to Australia, \$92.50 to Japan, \$92.75 to Korea, \$93.00 to Siam, \$93.25 to Australia, \$93.50 to Japan, \$93.75 to Korea, \$94.00 to Siam, \$94.25 to Australia, \$94.50 to Japan, \$94.75 to Korea, \$95.00 to Siam, \$95.25 to Australia, \$95.50 to Japan, \$95.75 to Korea, \$96.00 to Siam, \$96.25 to Australia, \$96.50 to Japan, \$96.75 to Korea, \$97.00 to Siam, \$97.25 to Australia, \$97.50 to Japan, \$97.75 to Korea, \$98.00 to Siam, \$98.25 to Australia, \$98.50 to Japan, \$98.75 to Korea, \$99.00 to Siam, \$99.25 to Australia, \$99.50 to Japan, \$99.75 to Korea, \$100.00 to Siam, \$100.25 to Australia, \$100.50 to Japan, \$100.75 to Korea, \$101.00 to Siam, \$101.25 to Australia, \$101.50 to Japan, \$101.75 to Korea, \$102.00 to Siam, \$102.25 to Australia, \$102.50 to Japan, \$102.75 to Korea, \$103.00 to Siam, \$103.25 to Australia, \$103.50 to Japan, \$103.75 to Korea, \$104.00 to Siam, \$104.25 to Australia, \$104.50 to Japan, \$104.75 to Korea, \$105.00 to Siam, \$105.25 to Australia, \$105.50 to Japan, \$105.75 to Korea, \$106.00 to Siam, \$106.25 to Australia, \$106.50 to Japan, \$106.75 to Korea, \$107.00 to Siam, \$107.25 to Australia, \$107.50 to Japan, \$107.75 to Korea, \$108.00 to Siam, \$108.25 to Australia, \$108.50 to Japan, \$108.75 to Korea, \$109.00 to Siam, \$109.25 to Australia, \$109.50 to Japan, \$109.75 to Korea, \$110.00 to Siam, \$110.25 to Australia, \$110.50 to Japan, \$110.75 to Korea, \$111.00 to Siam, \$111.25 to Australia, \$111.50 to Japan, \$111.75 to Korea, \$112.00 to Siam, \$112.25 to Australia, \$112.50 to Japan, \$112.75 to Korea, \$113.00 to Siam, \$113.25 to Australia, \$113.50 to Japan, \$113.75 to Korea, \$114.00 to Siam, \$114.25 to Australia, \$114.50 to Japan, \$114.75 to Korea, \$115.00 to Siam, \$115.25 to Australia, \$115.50 to Japan, \$115.75 to Korea, \$116.00 to Siam, \$116.25 to Australia, \$116.50 to Japan, \$116.75 to Korea, \$117.00 to Siam, \$117.25 to Australia, \$117.50 to Japan, \$117.75 to Korea, \$118.00 to Siam, \$118.25 to Australia, \$118.50 to Japan, \$118.75 to Korea, \$119.00 to Siam, \$119.25 to Australia, \$119.50 to Japan, \$119.75 to Korea, \$120.00 to Siam, \$120.25 to Australia, \$120.50 to Japan, \$120.75 to Korea, \$121.00 to Siam, \$121.25 to Australia, \$121.50 to Japan, \$121.75 to Korea, \$122.00 to S